



HOME

PREFACE

ARTICLES

AUTHORS

ORGANIZERS

PUBLISHING INFORMATION

Series: *Advances in Social Science, Education and Humanities Research*

Proceedings of the International Symposium on Social Sciences, Education, and Humanities (ISSEH 2018)

Conference Chair

Prof. Dr. Suherli Kusmana, M.Pd

Universitas Swadaya Gunung Jati, Indonesia

Vice Chairperson

Prof. Dr. Ida Rosnidah, SE. MM. Ak. CA

Universitas Swadaya Gunung Jati, Indonesia

Advisory Board

Prof. Dr. Ir. Badlishah Ahmad

University of Sultan Zaenal Abidin, Malaysia

HOME

PREFACE

ARTICLES

AUTHORS

ORGANIZERS

PUBLISHING INFORMATION

Advisory Board

Prof. Dr. Ir. Badlishah Ahmad

University of Sultan Zaenal Abidin, Malaysia

Prof. Dr. Anna Permanasari, M.Pd

Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia, Indonesia

Prof. Dr. Kamisah Osman

National University of Malaysia, Malaysia

Prof. Dr. Sukree Langputeh

Fatoni University, Thailand

Hywel Coleman, OBE, MA

Leeds University, United Kingdom

Prof. Dr. Challoner A Matero

San Carlos University, Philipphines

Prof. Dr. Nik Wan bin Omar

University of Sultan Zaenal Abidin, Malaysia

HOME
PREFACE
ARTICLES
AUTHORS
ORGANIZERS
PUBLISHING INFORMATION

Prof. Dr. Nik Wan bin Omar
University of Sultan Zaenal Abidin, Malaysia

Prof. Dr. Rusea Go
Universiti Putra Malaysia, Malaysia

Prof. Dr. Edi Herianto Majlan
University Kebangsaan Malaysia, Malaysia

Prof. Andrew Lian
Suranaree University of Technology, Thailand

Prof. Dr. Datuk Mohd. Noh Dalimin
Universiti Tun Hussein Onn, Malaysia

Prof. Dr. Zainudin Awang
University of Sultan Zaenal Abidin, Malaysia

Prof. Dr. Ruzairi
Universiti Tun Hussein Onn, Malaysia

Prof. Dr. Ahmad Fuad bin Mat Som

HOME
PREFACE
ARTICLES
AUTHORS
ORGANIZERS
PUBLISHING INFORMATION

- Prof. Dr. Ahmad Fuad bin Mat Som**
University of Sultan Zaenal Abidin, Malaysia
- Dr. Sehanat Prasongsuk**
Chulalongkorn University, Thailand
- Prof. Dr. Nurul Huda**
University of Sultan Zaenal Abidin, Malaysia
- Prof. DR. Nordin Bin Simbak**
University of Sultan Zaenal Abidin, Malaysia
- Prof. Ab Fatah Ab Rahman, Bsc, Msc, Pharm.D**
University of Sultan Zaenal Abidin, Malaysia
- Dr. Bambang Sumintono**
University of Malaysia, Malaysia
- Salut Muhidin, Ph.D.**
Macquarie University, Australia

HOME

PREFACE

ARTICLES

AUTHORS

ORGANIZERS

PUBLISHING INFORMATION

Dr. Bambang Sumintono

University of Malaysia, Malaysia

Salut Muhidin, Ph.D.

Macquarie University, Australia

Cheryl Groth, Ph.D.

Sydney University of Australia, Australia

Assoc. Prof. Dr. Razana Juhaida Johari CA

Universiti Teknologi MARA, Malaysia

Dr. Ania Lian

Charles Darwin University, Australia

Dr. Hadi Susanto

University of Essex Colchester, United Kingdom

Scientific Committee

Dr. Fathoni Rodli, M.Pd.

Universitas Muhamad Hasyim Azhari, Indonesia

HOME
PREFACE
ARTICLES
AUTHORS
ORGANIZERS
PUBLISHING INFORMATION

Dr. Hani Susanto
University of Essex Colchester, United Kingdom

Scientific Committee

Dr. Fathoni Rodli, M.Pd.
Universitas Muhamad Hasyim Azhari, Indonesia

Dr. H. Mukarto Siswoyo, Drs.,M.Si.
Universitas Swadaya Gunung Jati Cirebon, Indonesia

Prof. Dr. Supari Muslim, M.Pd.
Universitas Negeri Surabaya, Indonesia

Prof. Dr. Anna Permanasari,M.Pd.
Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia, Indonesia

Prof. Dr. Suherli Kusmana, M.Pd.
Universitas Swadaya Gunung Jati, Indonesia

Prof. Dr. Ida Rosnidah,SE.MM.Ak.CA
Universitas Swadaya Gunung Jati, Indonesia

SECRETARY

HOME

PREFACE

ARTICLES

AUTHORS

ORGANIZERS

PUBLISHING INFORMATION

Universitas Swadaya Gunung Jati, Indonesia

Dr. Ida Hamidah, M.Si.

Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia, Indonesia

Dr. Siti Aisyah, M.Si.

Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia, Indonesia

Dr. Rosida Tiurma Manurung, M.Hum

Universitas Maranatha, Indonesia

Atlantis Press

Atlantis Press – now part of Springer Nature – is a professional publisher of scientific, technical & medical (STM) proceedings, journals and books. We offer world-class services, fast turnaround times and personalised communication. The proceedings and journals on our platform are Open Access and generate millions of downloads every month.

For more information, please contact us at: contact@atlantispress.com

- ▶ PROCEEDINGS
- ▶ JOURNALS
- ▶ BOOKS
- ▶ POLICIES
- ▶ MANAGE COOKIES/DO NOT SELL MY INFO
- ▶ ABOUT
- ▶ NEWS
- ▶ CONTACT
- ▶ SEARCH



THE 20TH INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE

UNIVERSITAS SWADAYA GUNUNG JATI Supported by ADRI

"The contribution of cross-disciplinary research to the development of creative and innovative thinking toward millennial generation"



ATLANTIS
PRESS



Clarivate
Analytics

CONFERENCE BOOK

Hotel Prima Cirebon West Java Indonesia
19-20th November 2018



[ABS-8]

THE EVALUATION OF STUDENTS SOFT SKILLS DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM AT UNIVERSITAS GARUT USING QUADRUPLE HELIX CONCEPT AND SYSTEM MODEL

Ikeu Kania(a), Dini T Alamanda(b), Mutiana Budiman(a), Erna Rustiana(a),
Gugun Geusan Akbar (a), Aceng Ulumudin (a)*

a) Faculty of Social and Politic Sciences, Universitas Garut
Jl Cimanuk 32, Garut, Indonesia

*ikeukania@fisip.uniga.ac.id

b) Faculty of Economics, Universitas Garut
Jl Samarang, Garut, Indonesia

Abstract

Lack of students soft skill development in building interpersonal and intrapersonal relationship is a problem that occurs at Garut University. This study aimed to evaluate students soft skill development in order to facing the era of globalization. The research method used was qualitative approach with quadruple helix concept and system model. The data were collected by doing observation and interview with the third vice rector for students affairs. It is equipped with the evaluation result from other data such as academic, government, business and community elements. The result of this research showed that soft skill development at Garut University done by either student affairs lecture or supervising lecture is still low. It is shown by students good manner that has not improved yet although formally, Garut University has hold several activities related with students soft skill developments such as student orientation, community service, character building, personality development, table manner and other soft skill developments. Based on interviewed with academic, government, business and community elements, the result showed that students of Garut University have obstacles in verbal communication, analytical skills, independence, critical thinking, self management, motivation, commitment, logical argumentation, initiative, creativity and discipline . The implication of this study is the need of soft skill development program guidance in order to actualize students with good intrapersonal and interpersonal skills.

Keywords: Supervising, Soft Skill and Quadruple Helix

Topic: Public Administration and Social Welfare

Advances in **Economics, Business and Management Research**

Series: *Advances in Social Science, Education and Humanities Research*

Proceedings of the International Symposium on Social Sciences, Education, and Humanities (ISSEH 2018)

The 20th International Conference of ADRI organized by Universitas Swadaya Gunung Jati (UNSWAGATI) in collaboration with Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia (UPI) proudly presents an International Symposium on Social Sciences, Education, and Humanities (ISSEH 2018). The conference took place in Cirebon, Indonesia, on 19-20 November 2018. As the theme of this year's conference is "The contribution of cross-disciplinary research to the development of creative and innovative thinking toward millennial generation", it aims to provide a platform for discussions and sharing on current social issues throughout the world and to introduce new research findings on Social Sciences, Education and Humanities. The event will bring together research academia, policy makers, and professionals to disseminate their innovative ideas, creative designs, experiences and teaching skills.

Please click [here](#) for the conference website.

Proceedings of the International Symposium on Social Sciences, Education, and Humanities (ISSEH 2018)

Conference Chair

- Prof. Dr. Suherli Kusmana, M.Pd
Universitas Swadaya Gunung Jati, Indonesia

Vice Chairperson

- Prof. Dr. Ida Rosnidah, SE. MM. Ak. CA
Universitas Swadaya Gunung Jati, Indonesia

Advisory Board

- Prof. Dr. Ir. Badlishah Ahmad
University of Sultan Zaenal Abidin, Malaysia
- Prof. Dr. Anna Permanasari, M.Pd
Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia, Indonesia
- Prof. Dr. Kamisah Osman
National University of Malaysia, Malaysia
- Prof. Dr. Sukree Langputeh
Fatoni University, Thailand
- Hywel Coleman, OBE, MA
Leeds University, United Kingdom
- Prof. Dr. Challoner A Matero
San Carlos University, Philipphines
- Prof. Dr. Nik Wan bin Omar

University of Sultan Zaenal Abidin, Malaysia

- Prof. Dr. Rusea Go

Universiti Putra Malaysia, Malaysia

- Prof. Dr. Edi Herianto Majlan

University Kebangsaan Malaysia, Malaysia

- Prof. Andrew Lian

Suranaree University of Technology, Thailand

- Prof. Dr. Datuk Mohd. Noh Dalimin

Universiti Tun Hussein Onn, Malaysia

- Prof. Dr. Zainudin Awang

University of Sultan Zaenal Abidin, Malaysia

- Prof. Dr. Ruzairi

Universiti Tun Hussein Onn, Malaysia

- Prof. Dr. Ahmad Fuad bin Mat Som

University of Sultan Zaenal Abidin, Malaysia

- Dr. Sehanat Prasongsuk

Chulalongkorn University, Thailand

- Prof. Dr. Nurul Huda

University of Sultan Zaenal Abidin, Malaysia

- Prof. DR. Nordin Bin Simbak

University of Sultan Zaenal Abidin, Malaysia

- Prof. Ab Fatah Ab Rahman, Bsc, Msc, Pharm.D

University of Sultan Zaenal Abidin, Malaysia

- Dr. Bambang Sumintono

University of Malaysia, Malaysia

- Salut Muhidin, Ph.D.
Macquarie University, Australia
- Cheryl Groth, Ph.D.
Sydney University of Australia, Australia
- Assoc. Prof. Dr. Razana Juhaida Johari CA
Universiti Teknologi MARA, Malaysia
- Dr. Ania Lian
Charles Darwin University, Australia
- Dr. Hadi Susanto
University of Essex Colchester, United Kingdom

Scientific Committee

- Dr. Fathoni Rodli, M.Pd.
Universitas Muhamad Hasyim Azhari, Indonesia
- Dr. H. Mukarto Siswoyo, Drs.,M.Si.
Universitas Swadaya Gunung Jati Cirebon, Indonesia
- Prof. Dr. Supari Muslim, M.Pd.
Universitas Negeri Surabaya, Indonesia
- Prof. Dr. Anna Permanasari,M.Pd.
Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia, Indonesia
- Prof. Dr. Suherli Kusmana, M.Pd.
Universitas Swadaya Gunung Jati, Indonesia
- Prof. Dr. Ida Rosnidah,SE.MM.Ak.CA
Universitas Swadaya Gunung Jati, Indonesia
- Prof. Dr. Ibnu Artadi, SH.M.Hum
Universitas Swadaya Gunung Jati, Indonesia

- Prof. Dr. Esmi Warassih, SH.MS
Universitas Diponegoro, Indonesia
- Prof. Dr. EmanSuparman, SH.MH
Universitas Padjadjaran, Indonesia
- Dr. Eri Sarimanah, M.Pd.
Universitas Pakuan, Indonesia
- Prof. Dr. Wahidin, M.Pd.
IAIN Syeh Nurjati Cirebon, Indonesia
- Dr. Ade Abd. Gaffar, M.Pd
Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia, Indonesia
- Prof.Dr. Abdul Rozak,M.Pd.
Universitas Swadaya Gunung Jati, Indonesia
- Dr. Ida Hamidah, M.Si.
Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia, Indonesia
- Dr. Siti Aisyah, M.Si.
Universitas Pendidikan Indonesia, Indonesia
- Dr. Rosida Tiurma Manurung, M.Hum
Universitas Maranatha, Indonesia

DAFTAR ISI

[Representation of Linguistic Aspects in the Genre of Text in Junior High School's Bahasa Indonesia Textbooks in the 2013 Curriculum](#)

Jaja Jaja, Mudopar Mudopar, Maya Dewi Kurnia, Hesti Muliawati

This research aims to describe the representation of linguistic rules of each text's genres in curriculum 2013 Bahasa Indonesia's text book for 7th grade students. The description was done by analyzing the purpose, content, and structure of each genre of the texts based on the use of its linguistic rules....

[Article details](#)

[Download article \(PDF\)](#)

[The Evaluation of Students' Soft Skill Development Program at Universitas Garut with Quadruple Helix Concept and System Model](#)

Ikeu Kania, Erna Rustiana, Gugun Geusan Akbar, Mutiana Budiman, Aceng Ulumudin, Dini Turipanam Alamanda

Lack of students' soft skill development in building interpersonal and intrapersonal relationship is a problem that occurs at Universitas Garut. This study aimed to evaluate students' soft skill development in order to facing the era of globalization. The research method used was qualitative approach...

[Article details](#)

[Download article \(PDF\)](#)

[The Effect of Local Wisdom Values in Micro Enterprises Based on Creative Economic toward Their Competitiveness](#)

Rochanda Wiradinata, Arie Indra Gunawan

Micro-enterprises are one of the sectors that contribute the most to national income. But in its implementation micro businesses often have difficulties, especially in terms of competition. Creative economy is one of the choices for micro-businesses to collaborate to create something of value sale. Cirebon...

[Article details](#)

[Download article \(PDF\)](#)

[Evaluating Problem-based Material in a Social Class: Sounds from Indonesian primary school students](#)

Ratna Tiharita

Problem-based material is rarely found in the context of Indonesian Primary Schools. Therefore, this paper is attempted to evaluating the current issue of problem-based materials and its outcomes for the students in the social class. This study used qualitative approach. The respondents were the social...

[Article details](#)

[Download article \(PDF\)](#)

The Evaluation of Students' Soft Skill Development Program at Universitas Garut with Quadruple Helix Concept and System Model

Ikeu Kania, Erna Rustiana, Gugun Geusan Akbar,
Mutiana Budiman, Aceng Ulumudin

Dept. Public Administration

Universitas Garut

Garut, Indonesia

ikeukania@fisip.uniga.ac.id, ernarustiana@gmail.com,

gugungeusan@fisip.uniga.ac.id,

mutianabudiman@gmail.com, aceng.u@fisip.uniga.ac.id

Dini Turipanam Alamanda

Dept. Management

Universitas Garut

Garut, Indonesia

alamanda.dini.2017@gmail.com

Abstract—Lack of students' soft skill development in building interpersonal and intrapersonal relationship is a problem that occurs at Universitas Garut. This study aimed to evaluate students' soft skill development in order to facing the era of globalization. The research method used was qualitative approach with quadruple helix concept and system model. The data were collected by doing observation and interview with the third vice rector for student's affairs. It is equipped with the evaluation result from other data such as academic, government, business and community elements. The result of this research showed that soft skill development at Universitas Garut done by either student affairs lecture or supervising lecture is still low. It is shown by students' good manner that has not improved yet although formally, Universitas Garut has hold several activities related with student's soft skill developments such as student orientation, community service, character building, personality development, table manner and other soft skill developments. Based on interviewed with academic, government, business and community elements, the result showed that students of Universitas Garut have obstacles in verbal communication, analytical skills, independence, critical thinking, self-management, motivation, commitment, logical argumentation, initiative, creativity and discipline. The implication of this study is the need of soft skill development program guidance in order to actualize students with good intrapersonal and interpersonal skills.

Keywords—*supervising; soft skills; quadruple helix*

I. INTRODUCTION

In this globalization era, the university students as young generations who are educated in University are demanded to have the ability in accomplishment nationally and internationally. Students who have graduated from the university should own relevant competencies with the job market (2). One of the competencies that must be owned is hard skills and soft skills. Hard skill competence is mastery and use of science and technology. Meanwhile, soft skill

competence is an ability of other and self-regulating. Soft skill is very important thing that should be owned by each person, especially by university students, because they will interact and socialize with either the people in their working environment or society.

Ability, talent or skill of the university students can realize by the hard skill and soft skill improvement. Soft skill is an ability that can be done non-technically. It means the skills are formless and invisible. This skill can be said as personal and interpersonal skill [1]. If the students have good soft skill, they will be able to be good in their act, communication, thought in the society [2].

The development of soft skill not only can be taught, but also can be spread. Soft skill development activity will not be perfect if it is focused only on training, conference, workshop, and others training. The soft skill development is very important in academic education that oriented with technic and done by practicing continuously. Soft skill development activity should be planned and programmed well under the guidance of mentors, so that the activity can be appropriate with the activity purpose [3].

Therefore, soft skill training for the university students needs lecturers' role that interacts with students in campus environment. The lecturers are expected to be able to guide and train the student in achieving good soft skill. Lecturer is one of the important things both in lectures process and in students' soft skill training towards the nation's progress. In this case, lecturers are much needed. The lecture should be able to explore the students' potency in order to motivate and be responsible to themselves [4].

The lecture has a role in learning process and determining students' output. The output is not only an academic score, but also good personality of the students. 40% of Garut University students have not as expected personality competence. Accordingly, soft skill development activity was done as an

effort in solving students' problems. The lecturers are expected to be able to give learning process productively. Because every student will experience changed and developed era.

Garut University gives soft skill training to the students in order to face globalization era like implementing several soft skill development activities such as: Student Orientation, Community Service, Character Building, Personality Development, Table Manner, and other soft skill activity which is held while the learning process occurred. These activities are under the responsibilities of Vice Rector for Students' Affairs and academic supervisor.

The implementation of soft skill development in Garut is done by system model approach (input, process, and output), where the students as the input, giving a material about improvement of mental welfare, ethics, behavior, character, and career development of students by doing counseling, educating, and training as a process, and the changing of students' behavior as an output.

The lack of students' ability in communication, independence, critical thinking, self-management, motivation, commitment, logical argumentation, initiative, creativity and discipline are the phenomenon happened in Garut University. The purpose of this study is to evaluate soft skill development of Garut University students in facing globalization era by using Quadruple Helix.

A. Soft Skills

Research on student's soft skills has been studied by [1] and [5], according to [1], 80% of success in the world of work is determined by the mind set (soft skills) and 20% is determined by technical skills (hard skills). Unfortunately, in practice, the portion of soft skills development in higher education is only 10% in the curriculum, while 90% contains hard skills. Soft skills have different names, sometimes referred to as "non-technical" skills, competencies or learning outcomes. Sometimes the meaning also intersects with life skills, "generic competencies", "main competencies", etc. [2].

In soft skills there are many attributes that can be identified, such as personal accountability, level of collaboration, conflict, negotiation skills, ability to adapt communication clarity and creative thinking [3]. Furthermore, Khanna states that soft skills have a significant impact on the attitude of a person when interaction with clients, customers, colleagues, and other stakeholders. The more positive the attitude the better the results of the relationship [3]. Whereas in Austria, Wahl examined that ability to master English (language) is the most important soft skill for university graduates followed by management skills, motivation and being able to integrate with the team as well as verbal and written communication skills [4].

More details, Sunarto made the soft skills category needed by the industry into 14 categories, namely: 1) project management skills; 2) readiness to international business travel; 3) Readiness to domestic business travel; 4) English language ability; 5) ability of other foreign languages; 6) presentation ability; 6) communication skills; 7) focusing on

goals and targets; 8) team management; 9) team integration; 10) analytical capability; 11) desires to continue education and training; 12) stress resilience; 13) self-motivation; and 14) self-management [5].

B. Quadruple Helix

Ref [6]. stated the role of government, business and academics (Triple Helix) are important in providing knowledge and innovation, including soft skills knowledge. The Triple Helix concept then developed into a Quadruple Helix, with differences in the integration of civil society and integrating innovation and knowledge [7]. Quadro plea Helix Innovation Theory is a collaboration of four sectors, namely: Academic, Government, Business, and Civil Society that play a role in encouraging the growth of innovation. Quadruple Helix is a field that can move people to increase creativity, ideas and skills [8].

II. METHODOLOGY

The research method used in this soft skill program evaluation research in Universitas Garut is qualitative method with system and analysis model. It was done by using quadruple helix approach. The data was collected by observation and interview with the main informant. In this case, the main informant is the Vice Rector for Students' Affairs. The data was completed with the evaluation result from another source such as academic, government, business and community elements.

Furthermore, the collected data was analyzed by using quadruple helix approach through deep interview with academic, government, business and community elements that frequently interact with the students. Then, the data were reduced, presented and drawn conclusions.

III. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The competition of working environment in the globalization era demands people to have deft and skillful human resource. The university students are demanded having high quality of hard skill and soft skill. Hard skill is the ability of students' academic score. Meanwhile, soft skill is the ability of people interaction and self-management. Besides having high academic score, students are demanded having high soft skill. Both hard skill and soft skill are the requirement of bachelor success in facing the competition of working environment.

Maybe not every student knows about their own potential and skill. The lecturer is expected to know their students' potential. With the lecturer's help, the students are directed to go deep into their useful potential and talent. The lecturer has an important role in encouraging the students to develop their potential in order to facing competition globally. The students who are able to see and have an innovation about the situation will be very useful for themselves and the other people.

In this study, the researchers evaluated soft skill development program of Universitas Garut by system model approach. The students of Universitas Garut as an input have already given education and training by several activities such

as Student Orientation, Community Service, Character Building, Personality Development, Table Manner and other soft skill training.

Academic has big capacity to encourage students' soft skill in order to make the students having good soft skill. Academic has a role as an agent who can spread science, technology, and art. It also has a role as an agent who can develop students' soft skill in the society. The students as the input were given planned and scheduled education and training. In education and training, the students were given the comprehension of the importance of improving their interests and talents when they study in University, so by being giving direction and guidance by every participation of non-academic activity they can improve their soft skill such as improving thinking skills, learning skills, and living skills.

Soft skill development process in Universitas Garut was done by applying these steps: (1) Developing Competence; (2) Managing Emotion; (3) Moving Through Autonomy Toward Independence; (4) Developing Mature Interpersonal Relationship; (5) Establishing Identity; (6) Developing Purpose; (7) Developing Integrity. Then, Universitas Garut applied learning skill to make the students always be able to develop themselves by continuously learning process. Thinking skills were given to make the students be able to solve the problems in their daily life, and living skills were directed to the improvement of students' ability in adaptation of their daily life. In the improvement of learning skills, the students got learning technique, mind mapping, and reading technique. Thinking skills were focused on the improvement of students' ability in solving the problems and making decision. Living skills were more emphasized in several things such as self-management, vision building, communication technique, conflict management and time management.

The output of soft skill development activity was the expectation that students having life skills for themselves, their groups, and the society. The communication skill, emotional skill, language skill, grouping skill, having ethics and morals, politeness, and spiritual skill were the purpose of students' soft skill development is held. Therefore, knowledge and skill that have been mastered can bring welfare and comfort for themselves and their environment.

Based on the study result, it can be said that students' soft skill development that has been done by Universitas Garut have to be improved intensively, planned, and scheduled. It was given material by competent expert and evaluated every activity deeply because soft skill is much needed in their work environment, both in government and private company.

As stated in the research background, the result of this students' soft skill development evaluation study was analyzed by Quadruple Helix approach through the deep interview about Universitas Garut students' soft skill with four sectors such as: Academic, Government, Business, and Civil Society. For more clear explanation, the interview result was explained as follows:

A. Academic Sector

Based on the observation and interview result with the academic, it showed that soft skill development program done by Universitas Garut is started from Student Orientation, Community Service, Character Building, Personality Development, Table Manner and other soft skill training. The program has not improved students' soft skill ability. Students' soft skill ability was still low, especially about the discipline, independence, courage in expressing opinion, confidence, communication skill with the lecturer, teamwork that should be improved.

B. Government Sector

Based on the observation and interview result with several informants from the government showed that Universitas Garut students' soft skill have not shown their maximal ability in working. The result of this study showed that the communication, analytical ability, independence, critical thinking, self-management, motivation, commitment, logical argumentation, initiative, creativity and discipline of Universitas Garut students is still low and need to be improved. The soft skill of every University students is needed especially in their work environment.

C. Business Sector

The demand of work environment towards the criteria of workers candidate becomes getting higher. Work environment prioritize not only the high ability of academic (hard skill), but also the inherent value of people (soft skill). This ability can be said as non-technical ability that has a role as important as academic role. In the business sector, intrapersonal skill, interpersonal skill, leadership skills are needed to lead the developing business. Based on the result of observation and interview done by the researchers and the entrepreneur, it can be stated that Universitas Garut students' soft skill have not be mature. It was proved by the students working in private company or business who has not owned high competitiveness in their soft skill. The indicators are creative thinking, leadership skill, communication skill, negotiation skill, transforming character and time management.

D. Civil Society Sector

Based on the result of observation and interview with the society about Universitas Garut students' soft skill, it was found that the students have not had high soft skill especially in communication with the society, independence, critical thinking, self-management, motivation, commitment, logical argumentation, initiative, creativity and discipline. Students are pushed not only scientifically smart, but also having initiative and creativity. Besides, students' good attitude is the main thing that is assessed by the society. This assessment can be seen by lack of students' communication with the society in KKN activity. Moreover, university students are individualist nowadays. They just study at class. Just few students join the organization and activity related with conveying people aspirations. It makes the society assessment of student's soft skills are low. Whereas, by joining the organization, the soft skill of university students is trained well.

IV. CONCLUSION

Soft skill development of Universitas Garut students have been planned and scheduled through counselling, educating, and training under the Vice Rector for Students' affairs responsibility and academic supervisor. The result of soft skill development activity was analyzed with the quadruple helix approach. Based on the four factors, it can be concluded that the soft skill ability of Universitas Garut students still have to be improved especially the communication, independence, critical thinking, self-management, motivation, commitment, logical argumentation, initiative, creativity and discipline.

REFERENCES

- [1] I. Sailah, *Pengembangan Soft Skill di Perguruan Tinggi*, Jakarta: Direktorat Jenderal Pendidikan Tinggi, 2008.
- [2] M. Chinque, "Soft skills development in European," *Tuning Journal for Higher Education*, vol. 3, no. 2, pp. 389-427, 2016.
- [3] V. Khanna, "Soft Skills: A Key To Professional Excellence," *International Journal of Research in Engineering, Social Sciences*, vol. 5, no. 1, pp. 32-40, 2015.
- [4] H. Wahl, C. Kafmann, F. Eckkrammer, A. Mense, H. Gollner and C. Himmle, "Soft Skills In Practice And In Education: An Education," *American Journal Of Business Education*, vol. 5, no. 2, pp. 225-232, 2012.
- [5] M.J.D. Sunarto, "Improving Students Soft Skills using Thinking Process Profile Based on Personality Types," *International Journal of Evaluation and Research in Education (IJERE)*, vol. 4, no. 3, pp. 118-129, 2015.
- [6] L. Leydesdorff, "The Triple Helix of University-Industry-Government Relations," in *Encyclopedia of Creativity, Innovation, and Entrepreneurship*, New York, Springer, 2012.
- [7] A. Oscar, S. Monterino and M. Thomphson, "A Growth Model for the Quadruple Helix Innovation Theory," *Journal of Business Economics and Management*, vol. 13, no. 4, pp. 1-31, 2010.
- [8] H. Etzkowitz and J. Dizisah, "Triple Helix Circulation : the heart of innovation and development," *International Journal of Tecnology Management and Sustainable Development*, vol. 7, no. 3, pp. 101-115, 2008.